ST. JOSEPH'S UNIVERSITY Bengaluru

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

BA History – Syllabus (2023 Onwards) BA Semester IV

HSOE 4: CULTURAL HERITAGE OF INDIA

Total contact hours : 42	Course Credits : 3
Formative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 60

Objectives of the paper:

- This course is an introductory paper on the Cultural Heritage of India. It intends to provide an insight into the rich and varied cultural heritage of India.
- To enable learners to appreciate the composite nature of Indian culture.
- To develop among learners a feeling of love and a sense of belonging towards nation-building.
- The paper introduces the various cultural heritage components like the different fairs, festivals, dances, art, architecture and heritage, which are essential to a deeper understanding of History.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student should be able to

- Infer ideas about the various aspects of cultural heritage and cultural diversity from a historical perspective.
- Distinguish the numerous cultural practices that have evolved over the centuries.
- Analyze the changing socio-cultural scenarios of India.
- Display the diversity of our cultural heritage, cultural forms, and cultural expressions through the performing arts, fairs, and festivals.

	CONTENT OF COURSE - OE	Total No. Hours - 42
UNIT I – Introduction		08
Chapter 1	Meaning, Definition of Cultural Heritage	2
Chapter 2	Concepts, Characteristics types of Indian Cultural Heritage: Tangible, intangible, Oral and Living traditions.	4
Chapter 3	Significance of Cultural Heritage in Human life.	2
UNIT II – Ethnic Indian Cultural Construct – Fairs & Festivals		15
Chapter 4	Historical background of fairs and festivals.	3
Chapter 5	Major festivals of India: Dussherra, Diwali, Pongal, Holi, Onam, Buddha Poornima Guru Parb, Eid- Ul-Fitr, Ramzan, Christmas, Easter.	6
Chapter 6	Major fairs of India: Kumbha Mela, Pushkar Mela, Baisakhi, The Urs of Ajmer, Rath Yatra, Hemis - Gompa.	6
UNIT III	– Traditional Performing Art & Heritage of India	19
Chapter 7	Indian Classical dances as Cultural Heritage Classical Dances: Bharatanatyam, Manipuri, Kathak, Odissi, Kathakali, Kuchipudi.	5
Chapter 8	Folk dances and theatre: Garba, Ghoomar, Lavani, Yakshagana, Katputli. Music: Classical, Hindustani, Sufi. Oral Tradition and performing Arts: Bhajan, Katha, Sankirtan, Harikatha.	7
Chapter 9	Styles of Architecture Stupas, Caves, Viharas and Chaityas Nagara, Dravida and Vesara style of architecture – Rock cut and structural.	7

Books for Study and Reference:

- 1. Indian Culture: A Compendium of Indian History, Culture and Heritage. (2021). (n.p.): Notion Press.
- 2. A.L Basham: The wonder that was India. Picador Publisher, Indian ed. 2014.
- 3. Gokulsing K Moti: Popular culture in a Globalized India, New Delhi, Routiledge, 2009.
- 4. V. Vasudev: Fairs and Festivals, Incredible India series, 2007.
- 5. Prakash, O. (2005). Cultural History of India. India: New Age International.

- 6. S.Narayan: Indian Classical Dances, Shubhi Publications, 2005.
- 7. Sachin Shekhar Biswas: Protecting the Cultural Heritage (National Legislation and International Convention, Aryan Books International, 1999.
- 8. Varapande, M.L: History of Indian Folk Theatre (Lok Ranga Panorama of Indian Folk Theatre) Abhinav Publications, 1992.
- 9. Raman Varadara: Glimpses of Indian Heritage, Popular Prakashan Private Ltd., Bombay, 1989.
- 10. Luniya, B. N. (1975). Evolution of Indian Culture: (from the Earliest Times to the Present-day). India: (n.p.).
- 11. Bose, N. K. (1967). Culture and Society in India. India: Asia Publishing House.
- 12. The Director General Survey of India (ed.) Guide Books: World Heritage Series, New Delhi.
- 13. N.K Bose: 'Culture Zones of India' in culture and Society in India, Asia Publishing House.
